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Gladstone's Victory With a

Parish Councils Bill.
A United Press copyright says:
London, dated January 7, says:
The compromise in which the conservative leaders agreed to the passage of the parish councils bill has tied the hands of the lords as regards the modification or rejection of this measure, which is intended to centralize the whole system of rural government in the hands of the parish council, in the compromise to the conservative in no wise alter the main proposals to place the control of the rural administration in the hands of the parish council. The compromise is, they thought, to exclude their own interests from the bill, and as they please.
The last stage over the measure in the House of Commons, the bill was passed, and the constitution of poor law boards. The government agreed to the conservative amendments, by which the boards are to be elected by a vote of all the ratepayers, members, and allotments are made not to exceed four acres—one acre arable and the remainder in grass.
Another conservative amendment provides that after the termination of the allotment occupancy the landlords will not be liable for the cost of the land, but as momentous a revolution will arise from the application of part of the bill to London, the existing system of local government through various bodies of guardians, all elected by the ratepayers, is abolished, and a method of franchise quite equivalent to that of the House of Commons ballot becomes law. Even the rating qualification of candidates is abolished, and all ratepayers are electors.
It is completely contrary to the home rule in London. The Tory newspapers seem to be just waking up to the fact that the compromise, agreeing to the bill, and the promise, have seriously compromised themselves. The alteration of local franchise will necessitate a special bill for electoral registration, and the bill will be a long one, which they have been deluded in their recent compromise with Mr. Gladstone, will not make a protracted struggle over this bill.
Evicted Tenants in Ireland.
The ministers have given pledges to the Irish members that the queen's speech at the opening of the session shall announce the intention of the government to assist the tenants in Ireland. The bill has been already prepared in accordance with the recommendations of Justice Matthews' commission, which was appointed in December last, to inquire into the rights of the evicted tenants. It will be pressed through the house of commons without delay. The queen's speech will provide for the establishment, one man one vote, the local rate, the eight-hour day in mines and elsewhere, and the right to remove and equalization of the rates in London. Seen in the heavy character of this program it is not surprising that the Irish nationalists agree that it will be futile to reintroduce the home rule bill until 1891, shortly before the dissolution.
The observance of the eight-hour day government factories will begin on February 5, and will affect some 20,000 men.
Bank of England stock, the steady investment securities, has been badly shaken by sensational articles alleging the mismanagement of the bank, and the mismanagement. The articles were done by a well-known financial writer, and they contained only the facts to six months ago, when Chief Cashier Mayer dismissed the bank's directors. The articles were reproduced widely, and a scare at once ensued. In three days the stock fell several points.
William Hunter, Liberal M. P. for North Aberdeen, wished last evening to question the controller of the exchequer as to the position of the bank.
The private Sir William Harcourt gave the assurance that the bank's position was not so serious as the opinion, and that a scare was ridiculous.
Commenting on the fact that the position considered a proud one and much credit to the government, the Times has been refused by more than 50 persons to whom it has recently been offered.

The capient conductors of this newspaper

(the Times) so interfere with the city's affairs that it has become more farcical than reliable information and feeble and sometimes silly comment. The right course for the Times would be to select a man of high talents and say "no" well enough to make it worth his while to give his whole heart to the cause, but such a roller coaster man of high character and intelligence, and the Times has nobody of the stamp at its head.

ELECTIONS IN FRANCE.

Voters Protest Against Any Conciliatory Attitude Toward Socialism.
 Senatorial elections were held yesterday 1,800 districts in France. The returns up midnight showed the election of seventy-eight republicans, nine radicals, two "rallied" and five conservatives.
 When the announcement of Floquet's el-

"Long live Floquet!" "Long live the

The department of the Alsace re-elected the Avoyers deputy, who was elected in the same department cap, was elected in the same department cap.

the Bouches-Du-Rhone, Challemel-L

cour, president of the senate, Veiten a
 Barne were re-elected. Ex-Minister Peyr
 was elected for the first time. In the C
 vados ex-Deputy Fournet, republican, ouste
 Senator Bocher, conservative. M. Charer
 Edouard Martell was re-elected, while I
 brother and M. Laporte, republicans, gain
 the seats of Marshal Canrobert and G
 Maquis de Bromend d'Ars, which was co
 tested by the conservatives, M. d'Arnal a
 d'Henry.
 In the department of Cote d'Or M. Spull
 minister of public instruction, and Senat
 Meau and Hugot were re-elected.
 Maquis de Bromend d'Ars, which was co

is two colleagues were re-elected. In Fiter, long a conservative stronghold, t

The Solr newspaper says that M. Plomont triumph repairs, if it does not efface, his defeat in the last general election of deputies. The defeat of the Gobellet candidates

... against the conciliatory attitude of ...

New Senators From Iowa.
A Des Moines, Iowa, dispatch says: reports which are in circulation here to night prove to be true the legislature, which convenes here tomorrow, will be called upon to elect two Senators instead of one. It is said that as soon as a successor to take Senator Wilson's seat one year hence has been elected, Gov. Jackson will present Senator Wilson's resignation to the assembly and that a Senator to fill out the pre-

Wilson is at home sick and has been an invalid for some time, and it is no secret

that he is not desirous of returning to Washington.

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Army Orders.

Second Lieut. William Yates, first cavalry, is transferred from troop F to troop A of that regiment.

Leave of absence for two months granted Second Lieut. John D. L. Harman, first cavalry.

Leave of absence for two months

First Lieut. Edward L. Munson, asst.

Second Lieut. Francis J. Koester, tenth cavalry, will proceed to Fort Hamilton New York, as a witness before the general court-martial convened at that place.